SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of printing	: 2017-01-26.	Date of issue	: 2017-01-26.	
Section 1. Identification				
		Prepared by		
		Akzo Nobel Coating	js Inc.	
Prepared for		1660 Cross Street S	S.E.	
ATTN: John Hamlot		Salem, OR 97302 U	S	
WOODTONE				
9403 24TH PLACE W		(503) 585-2700		
		In case of emergene	cy (Health or Spills):	
EVERETT, WA 98204 US		CHEMTREC (US an	d Canada) (800) 424-9300	
Produc	t no. : 624-D020-125			
	Class : WINCHESTER A	CCENT		
Customer Part Nur	-			
Customer Ship	o ID : 0000109143			

Section 2. Hazards identification

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
: Warning
: Suspected of causing cancer.
: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required.
: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
: Store locked up.
: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
: None known.

Section 2. Hazards identification

NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged OVEREXPOSURE to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of this package may be harmful or fatal.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of	1	Not available.
identification		

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	:	Not applicable.
Product code	:	624-D020-125

2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2 carbon black 1333-86-4	Ingredient name	%	CAS number
tetrachloroisophthalonitrile1897-45-6ammonia solution1336-21-6ammonia7664-41-7xylene, mixed isomers1330-20-7toluene108-88-3	carbon black tetrachloroisophthalonitrile ammonia solution ammonia xylene, mixed isomers		1333-86-4 1897-45-6 1336-21-6 7664-41-7 1330-20-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower Eye contact evelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If Inhalation not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and Skin contact shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and Ingestion keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>itoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
ndication of immediate mee Notes to physician	 dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-butoxyethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
carbon black	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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xylene, mixed isomers	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 35 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
toluene	OSHA PEL (United States).
	CEIL: 500 ppm
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	CEIL: 300 ppm
	AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>lres</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Selection of personal protective equipment (PPE) is to be established by the employer performing a PPE hazard assessment. In the U.S.A, OSHA requires completion of a documented PPE hazard assessment as described in 29 CFR 1910.132.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
	Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/ or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
рН	: 9 to 9.5
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 100 - 187 °C (212 - 368.6 °F)
Flash point	: Open cup: 93.33°C (200°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Evaporation rate	: Less than 1. (2-butoxyethanol) compared with butyl acetate
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1.1% Upper: 12.5%
Vapor pressure	: 17.5 mm Hg (2.3275 kPa) (Highest known value: water)
Vapor density	: < 1 (Air = 1) (Calculation method)
Volatility	: 53.73% (w/w)
Density	: 1.159 g/cm ³
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure 4 hours	
2-butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	450 ppm		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-	
tetrachloroisophthalonitrile	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	220 mg/m ³	4 hours	
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	10000 mg/kg	-	
ammonia solution	LD50 Oral	Rat	350 mg/kg	-	
ammonia	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	4840 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	350 mg/kg	-	
xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-	
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49000 mg/m ³	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12124 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-	

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
tetrachloroisophthalonitrile	-	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
carbon black tetrachloroisophthalonitrile	-	2B 2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

	<u> </u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
toluene	Positive - Unreported	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
tetrachloroisophthalonitrile	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: N	lot available.
routes of exposure		
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical	, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: N	lo specific data.
Inhalation	: N	lo specific data.
Skin contact	: N	lo specific data.
Ingestion	: N	lo specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts an	ad also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: N	lot available.
Potential delayed effects	: N	lot available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: N	lot available.
Potential delayed effects	: N	lot available.
Potential chronic health eff	cts	
Not available.		
General	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity		Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of xposure.
Mutagenicity	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Data available upon request.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-	-

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: diethylenedioxide; toluene; xylene, mixed isomers; ethyl benzene; glycol ether; ethane-1,2-diol

Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1.35

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations Massachusetts

:	None of the components are listed.
	None of the common onto one listed

: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey

New York

- : None of the components are listed.
- Pennsylvania : N
- : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name		Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
carbon black	carbon black		No.	No.	No.
tetrachloroisophthalonitrile		Yes.	No.	No.	No.
ethyl benzene		Yes. No.	No.	No.	No.
toluene			Yes.	No.	No.
diethylenedioxide	diethylenedioxide		No.	No.	No.
Canada inventory	: All comp	onents are li	sted or exempted.		
International regulations					
	Japan i Korea i Malaysi New Ze Philippi Taiwan	nventory: At nventory: No a Inventory aland Inventory nes inventory (C		t is not listed. determined. IZIOC) : Not determined. one component is not lis	
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	: Not liste	d			
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	: Not liste	d			
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	: Not liste	d			

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 2017-01-26.
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Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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